Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

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MyndTec Inc. Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023

	September 30 <u>2024</u>	December 31 <u>2023</u>
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 86,274	\$ 187,411
Trade and other receivables (notes 3 and 12)	7,577	13,527
Inventories (note 4)	110,578	184,418
Prepaid expenses and deposits	33,387	50,653
	237,816	436,009
Non-current assets		
Right-of-use asset (note 5)	-	13,622
Equipment (note 6)	108,726	105,217
Total assets	<u>\$ 346,542</u>	<u>\$ 554,848</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables (notes 7 and 12)	\$ 1,015,660	\$ 968,117
Deferred revenue (notes 8 and 12)	17,000	17,000
Current portion of long-term liabilities (note 9)	443,036	455,511
	1,475,696	1,440,628
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion		
Deferred revenue (notes 8 and 12)	21,250	34,000
Lease obligation (note 5)	-	-
Government loans (note 10)	-	-
Other long-term debt (note 11)	21,384	
Total liabilities	1,518,330	1,474,628
Shareholders' deficiency		
Share capital (note 13)	15,406,247	14,971,184
Contributed surplus (note 13)	4,025,471	3,787,802
Accumulated deficit	(20,603,506)	(19,678,766)
Total deficiency	(1,171,788)	(919,780)
Total liabilities and shareholders' deficiency	<u>\$ 346,542</u>	<u>\$ 554,848</u>
Nature of business and going concern (notes 1, 2, 7, 10 & 18) Commitments and contingencies (note 18) Subsequent events (note 22)		
	"Craig L	<u>eon"</u> Directo
	"Dill_loo	keen" Director

___*"Bill Jackson"____*Director

MyndTec Inc. Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

	Three Months Ended September 30			Nine Mont Septem	-	0	
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
Revenue (notes 12 and 21)	\$	11,956	\$	56,165	\$ 98,278	\$	115,906
Cost of sales (note 4)		13,078		27,707	101,811		64,999
Gross margin		(1,122)		28,458	 (3,533)		50,907
Expenses		<u> </u>			 		
General and administration (note 14)		179,557		122,622	567,348		532,040
Research and development (note 14)		52,830		49,398	160,557		289,947
Quality and regulatory assurance		65,891		(5,702)	70,970		52,972
Selling and marketing		6,292		27,728	7,244		87,464
Share-based compensation (notes 12 and 13)		(17,678)		50,560	35,442		124,306
Interest and accretion expense (note 16)		8,129		3,066	20,052		26,261
Depreciation and amortization (notes 5 and 6)		8,828		22,249	31,118		66,748
Changes in fair value (note 16)		-		-	(1)		105,436
Public listing costs		10,123		15,686	47,770		297,451
Government grants and tax credits (note 17)		(19,293)		(174,148)	(19,293)		(174,148)
Total operating expenses		294,679		111,459	 921,207		1,408,477
Net and comprehensive loss	\$	(295,801)	\$	(83,001)	\$ (924,740)	\$ (<u>1,357,570)</u>
Loss per share - basic and diluted Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted	\$	(0.01) 4,822,655	\$	(0.00)	\$ (0.04) 4,465,341	\$	(0.06)
ouisianung - basic and unuted		4,022,033		5,002,403	 4,403,341		2,014,001

MyndTec Inc. Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency

For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2023

	Share <u>Capital</u>	Contributed <u>Surplus</u>	Accumulated <u>Deficit</u>	Total <u>Deficiency</u>
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 13,853,744	\$ 3,176,353	\$ (17,955,436)	\$ (925,339)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(1,357,570)	(1,357,570)
Debt conversion (notes 10 and 13)	378,062	-	-	378,062
Private placements (note 13)	679,699	264,581	-	944,280
Issuance expenses (note 13)	(29,759)	(11,570)	-	(41,329)
Share-based compensation	-	124,306	-	124,306
Balance, September 30, 2023	\$ 14,881,746	\$ 3,553,670	\$ (19,313,006)	\$ (877,590)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(365,760)	(365,760)
Private placements (note 13)	104,960	166,319	-	271,279
Issuance expenses (note 13)	(15,522)	(6,083)	-	(21,605)
Share-based compensation	-	73,896	-	73,896
Balance, December 31, 2023	\$ 14,971,184	\$ 3,787,802	\$ (19,678,766)	\$ (919,780)
Net loss and comprehensive loss	-	-	(924,740)	(924,740)
Private placements (note 13)	467,530	212,730	-	680,260
Issuance expenses (note 13)	(32,467)	(10,503)	-	(42,970)
Share-based compensation	-	35,442	-	35,442
Balance, September 30, 2024	\$ 15,406,247	\$ 4,025,471	\$ (20,603,506)	\$ (1,171,788)

MyndTec Inc. Interim Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the three-month and nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

		Three Months Ended September 30 2024 <u>2023</u>				Nine Months Ended September 30 2024 2023		
Cash flows from (used for) operating activities								
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$	(295,801)	\$	(83,001)	\$	(924,740)	\$(1,357,570)	
Items not affecting cash:	•	((•	(- , -,	Ŧ (),	
Share-based compensation		(17,678)		50,560		35,442	124,306	
Depreciation and amortization (notes 5 and 6)		8,828		22,249		31,118	66,748	
Accretion expense (note 16)		7,799		1,392		18,510	12,202	
Changes in fair value (note 16)		-		-		(1)	105,436	
Deferred revenue (note 8)		(4,250)		(4,250)		(12,750)	(12,750)	
		(301,102)		(13,050)		(852,421)	(1,061,628)	
Changes in non-cash working capital items								
Trade and other receivables		4,020		7,991		5,950	9,448	
Inventories		28,818		15,200		73,840	54,160	
Prepaid expenses and deposits		2,327		37,433		17,266	(64,949)	
Trade and other payables (note 7)		98,271		(47,540)		47,543	269,190	
Net cash used in operating activities		(167,666)		34		(707,822)	(793,779)	
Cash used in investing activities								
Purchase of equipment (note 6)		(24.005)				(24.005)		
		(21,005)		-		(21,005)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(21,005)		-		(21,005)		
Cash from (used for) financing activities								
Lease payments (note 5)		-		(6,934)		(6,379)	(20,459)	
Repayment of government loans (note 10)		-		-		(30,000)	-	
Issuance of other long term debt (note 11)		-		-		30,000	-	
Repayment of other long term debt (note 11)		(1,249)		-		(3,221)	-	
Net proceeds of private placements (note 13)		130,776		(2)		637,290	902,950	
Net cash from financing activities		129,527		(6,936)		627,690	882,491	
(Decrease) increase in cash		(59,144)		(6,902)		(101,137)	88,712	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		145,418		164,235		187,411	68,621	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	86,274	\$	157,333	\$	86,274	\$ 157,333	

1 Nature of business and going concern

MyndTec Inc. (the "Company" or "MyndTec") is a medical technology company that researches, develops and distributes innovative therapies designed to improve function, maximize independence and enhance the quality of life for individuals with paralysis due to stroke or spinal cord injury. The Company is incorporated under the Business Corporations Act of Ontario and its head office is located at 1900 Minnesota Court, Suite 122, Mississauga, Ontario, L5N 3C9. The Company became a publicly traded entity on the Canadian Securities Exchange on February 16, 2022 and is listed under the symbol MYTC.

These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements (the "financial statements") have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they come due. There is no certainty whether the Company will generate significant revenue or attain profitable operations in the near future, as it incurred a net and comprehensive loss of \$924,740 and had a negative cash flow from operating activities of \$707,822 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024. As at September 30, 2024, the Company was in default on its Federal Economic Development Agency loan, with a principal balance of \$437,641 (note 10), and with respect to a claim by its former lawyer for \$715,652 in fees (note 7).

The Company has accumulated \$20,603,506 of losses as of September 30, 2024 and its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on it raising future required capital, bringing its products to market and achieving and maintaining profitable operations. The outcome of these matters cannot be predicted at this time. As a result, there exists a material uncertainty which creates significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments and classifications of assets and liabilities, which might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue its operations. Such adjustments could be material.

2 Basis of presentation

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared by Management in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual consolidated financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual consolidated financial statements of the Company, including the notes thereto, for the year ended December 31, 2023.

These consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 19, 2024.

Basis of consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, MyndTec US Inc. which was incorporated by the Company in the United States on October 10, 2018. As at September 30, 2024. December 31, 2023 and September 30, 2023, the US subsidiary is inactive.

The financial statements of the subsidiary are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies, and the subsidiary is fully consolidated from its date of formation. All intercompany balances, transactions and unrealized gains and losses resulting from intercompany transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Functional currency and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars ("CAD dollars"). The Company's functional currency is Canadian dollars, and the functional currency of the Company's wholly owned subsidiary is the United States dollar.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions the Company may undertake in the future. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

2 Basis of presentation (continued)

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements:

Going concern

Judgement is required in determining if disclosure of a material uncertainty related to events or conditions which cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is required.

The estimates used by management in reaching this conclusion are based on information available as of the date of these audited consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance and included an internally generated cash flow forecast. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates and resulting variances may be material to management's assessment.

As indicated in notes 1, 7, 10 and 18, a material uncertainty exists which creates significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements do not include any adjustments or reclassifications of assets and liabilities, which might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue its operations. Such adjustments could be material.

• Stock options and warrants

The Company uses the Black-Scholes valuation model to determine the fair value of stock option awards granted and warrants granted in conjunction with the share capital subscriptions. The fair value of the warrants granted in conjunction with the issuance of convertible debentures were determined using the Cox-Rubenstein Binomial model. Estimates are required for inputs to this model including the fair value of the underlying shares, the expected life of the option, volatility, expected dividend yield, forfeiture rates and the risk-free interest rate. Variation in actual results for any of these inputs will result in a different value of the share option realized from the original estimate. The assumptions and estimates used are further outlined in note 13.

• Fair value of financial instruments

The individual fair values attributable to the different components of a financing transaction, notably loans and borrowings and convertible debentures are determined using valuation techniques. The Company uses judgment to select the methods used to make certain assumptions and in performing the fair value calculations in order to determine the values attributable to each component of a transaction at the time of their issuance. When determining the discount rate used to estimate the fair value of government loans, the Company considers market conditions and other internal and external factors as well as third-party financing agreements entered into by the Company. In determining the fair value of the Health Technology Exchange loan, the Company uses judgment to estimate the future loan repayments based on projected future revenue. These valuation estimates could be significantly different because of the use of judgment and the inherent uncertainty in estimating the fair value of these instruments that are not quoted in an active market.

Income taxes

The Company computes an income tax provision in each of the tax jurisdictions in which it operates. Actual amounts of income tax expense only become final upon filing and acceptance of the tax return by the relevant tax authorities, which occurs subsequent to the issuance of the consolidated financial statements. Additionally, estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets against future taxable income based on an assessment of the ability to use the underlying future tax deductions before they expire. To the extent that estimates of future taxable income differ from the tax return, earnings would be affected in a subsequent period.

In determining the amount of current and deferred tax, the Company considers the impact of uncertain tax positions and whether additional taxes and interest may be due. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of judgments about future events. New information may become available that causes the Company to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing tax liabilities; such changes to tax liabilities will impact tax expense in the period that such a determination is made.

Revenue recognition

The Company recognizes revenue on the transfer of promised services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for those services by applying the following steps:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and,
- recognize revenue when, or as, the Company satisfies a performance obligation.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

2 Basis of presentation (continued) Use of estimates and judgements (continued)

• Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue represents the amount the Company expects to receive for products and services in its contracts with customers, net of discounts and sales taxes. The Company derives treatment revenue based upon the use of the Company's MyndMove devices by treatment clinics; as well as the sale of its products and supplies to research institutions and treatment clinics. Treatment revenue is recognized on a monthly basis as services are provided. The sale of its products and supplies is recognized when delivered to the customer and all performance obligations have been satisfied. The sale of extended warranties is deferred and recognized over the warranty period.

The Company recognizes revenue upon transfer of control of products or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for the products or services transferred. The Company evaluates contracts with customers to determine the appropriate performance obligations for revenue recognition purposes based on whether the product or service is distinct from some or all of the other products or services in the arrangement. A product or service is distinct if the customer can benefit from it on its own or together with other readily available resources and the Company's promise to transfer the good or service is separately identifiable from other promises in the contractual arrangement with the customer. Non-distinct products and services are combined with other goods or services until they are distinct as a bundle and therefore form a single performance obligation.

The Company determines the transaction price at the outset of each arrangement and the total consideration is allocated to the distinct performance obligations based on their relative fair value. The Company has determined that the recurring services promised in a contract with a customer represent a series of distinct services that are substantially the same and have the same pattern of transfer over time to the customer and each delivery of service is accounted for as a single distinct performance obligation.

The timing of revenue recognition and the contractual payment schedules often differ, resulting in some contractual payments being billed prior to the commencement of service. These amounts that are billed, but not earned, are recognized as deferred revenue in the consolidated statements of financial position. When products or services have been transferred to customers and revenue has been recognized, but not billed, the Company recognizes and includes these amounts as unbilled trade receivables in the consolidated statements of financial position.

3 Trade and other receivables

The aging of trade and other receivables net of expected credit losses, as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 were as follows:

	September 30 <u>2024</u>			ember 31 <u>2023</u>
Trade receivables				
0 - 30 days	\$	3,388	\$	4,118
31-90 days		622		5,134
Over 90 days		385		30
	\$	4,395	\$	9,282
Commodity taxes		3,182		4,245
	\$	7,577	\$	13,527

The Company provides for expected credit losses based on its assessment of probability of specific losses, estimates of future individual exposures and provisions based on historical experience. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024 the Company recorded \$nil (September 30, 2023 - \$nil) expected credit losses.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

4 Inventories

The following are the Company's inventories as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	Sep	Dec	ember 31	
	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>
Production parts and clinical supplies	\$	40,563	\$	41,717
Finished devices		70,015		142,701
	\$	110,578	\$	184,418

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, inventory of \$31,095 was recorded to cost of goods sold (September 30, 2023 - \$25,533). During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized a \$23,204 write down of inventory (September 30, 2023 - \$nil).

5 Right-of-use asset and lease obligations

Changes in the right-of-use asset and lease obligation for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Right-of-use asset

	September 30 <u>2024</u>			ember 31 <u>2023</u>
Cost				
Balance - beginning and end of period	\$	70,056	\$	70,056
Accumulated depreciation				
Balance - beginning of period		56,434		33,082
Amortization		13,622		23,352
Balance - end of period		70,056		56,434
Net book value - end of period	\$	-	\$	13,622

Lease obligation

	September 30 <u>2024</u>			ember 31 <u>2023</u>
Balance - beginning of period	\$	6,253	\$	31,213
Accreted interest expense (note 16)		126		2,518
Lease payments		(6,379)		(27,478)
Balance - end of period		-		6,253
Less current portion (note 9)		-		6,253
Long-term portion	\$	-	\$	-

The Company's right-of-use asset relates to the Company's three-year office premises lease that commenced on August 1, 2021. The Company's fair value estimate of this office lease addition and initial liability was \$70,056, utilizing an incremental borrowing rate of 13.5%. Variable lease payments plus fixed lease payments after July 31, 2024 for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024 were \$30,129 (September 30, 2023 – \$24,324), recognized in general and administrative expenses in the interim condensed consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

6 Equipment

	September 30				December 31	
	2024		<u>2023</u>			<u>2023</u>
Revenue during the nine-month period ended						
Sale of devices and parts		33,737		5,177		
	\$	33,737	\$	5,177		
Expenses during the nine-month period ended						
Share-based compensation for directors						
and senior officers	\$	25,818	\$	42,384		
Salaries, fees and benefits for directors						
and senior officers - current		257,457		301,907		
Salaries forgiven, as noted above		-		(75,000)		
License fees		3,381		3,930		
	\$	286,655	\$	273,221		
Assets - as at the date specified						
Accounts receivable	\$	1,854	\$	3,616	\$	5,360
Liabilities - as at the date specified						
License fees and expenses payable	\$	96,047	\$	96,047	\$	96,759
Deferred revenue	\$	38,250	\$	55,250	\$	51,000

7 Trade and other payables

The following are included in trade and other payables as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023:

	September 30 <u>2024</u>			cember 31 <u>2023</u>
Trade and other payables	\$	290,026	\$	239,155
Warranty provision		9,982		13,310
Deferred payment agreement		550,000		550,000
Legal fees incurred after January 24, 2022		165,652		165,652
	\$	1,015,660	\$	968,117

Deferred Payment Agreement

On December 31, 2021, the Company entered into an agreement with its former legal firm, which was made in settlement of amounts payable by the Company for services provided in 2021 and up to January 24, 2022, that related to the preparation of the Company's non-offering prospectus and execution of its February 2022 private placement. The agreement provided for deferral of \$339,000 of fees, to be paid at \$2,500 per month from February 1, 2022 to June 1, 2023 plus \$296,500 due and payable on June 30, 2023. In the event the Company closed a private placement or public offering, the Company was required to pay down the outstanding balance as follows:

- 1. if the offering is less than \$3 million, the payment was to be 5% of the original deferred balance;
- 2. if the offering is \$3 million or more, the payment was to be for the outstanding balance.

Interest was to be accrued on the balance beginning January 24, 2022 at an annual rate equal to the Royal Bank of Canada prime rate plus 5%, calculated and compounded monthly. Conditional upon the Company respecting the payment terms, the interest was to be waived.

7 Trade and other payables (continued)

Loan payments of \$29,450 were made in 2023 and the remainder of the loan was due for payment by June 30, 2023.

On June 30, 2023, the entire deferred payment balance became due; the Company was unable to pay this obligation; and, the Company became in default of this agreement. As at December 31, 2023, the former legal firm (1) demanded its full entitlement under the agreement, which required the Company to expense \$255,792 of penalties, included in public company costs in the consolidated statement of net and comprehensive loss, and (2) charged the Company \$14,658 in interest expense - creating a total addition to the Company's losses of \$270,450 in the year ended December 31, 2023.

The Company has not accrued any interest on this loan from June 1, 2023 to September 30, 2024, given the creditor has not made additional claims and the Company has made significant counterclaims.

Disputed expenses and Company's Court Assessment

On April 6, 2022, the Company obtained an Order for Assessment from the Ontario Superior Court of Justice to assess \$198,570 of legal fees, of which the Company had already paid \$32,918 and \$165,652 remains unpaid. The Company intends to add the fore-noted \$270,450 of interest and penalties to this Assessment, if it is unable to make alternate settlement arrangements.

Deferred Payment Agreement and Disputed Expenses.

The Company does not have funds to settle the \$550,000 of deferred payment agreement obligations or the \$165,652 of disputed expenses and has asked its former legal firm to accept a lesser settlement, similar to the arrangement it made with the Health Technology Exchange or, perhaps, in cash (note 10).

On December 21, 2023 the Company's former legal firm filed a Statement of Claim with the Ontario Superior Court of Justice, in the amount of \$715,202 to collect their fees. On January 29, 2024, the Company filed a Statement of Defense and Counterclaim with respect to the December 21, 2023 Claim for Damages, which was filed against the Company by the Company's former legal firm.

As of September 30, 2024, there have been no mediation meetings or other formal proceedings in respect of this matter. The Court has provided a May 5, 2025 date for the first court date on which the parties will be able to deal with this matter.

8 Deferred revenue

Current plus long-term deferred revenue was \$38,250 as at September 30, 2024 (December 31, 2023 - \$51,000), net of \$12,750 of income recognized in the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024 (September 30, 2023 - \$12,750). The deferred revenue as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 relates to a five-year extended warranty for the engineering, manufacturing and delivery of devices to a research facility, the KITE Research Institute at the University Health Network, in Toronto, Canada, which is significantly influence by a director of the Company (note 12).

9 Current portion of long-term liabilities

The current portion of long-term liabilities as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 includes:

	September 30 <u>2024</u>		30 December <u>2023</u>		
Payable in cash					
Federal Economic Development Agency (note 10)	\$	437,641	\$	419,257	
Health Technology Exchange (note 10)		-		1	
Canadian Emergency Buisiness Account (note 10)		-		30,000	
Total government loans		437,641		449,258	
Lease obligations (note 5)		-		6,253	
Other long-term debt (note 11)		5,395		-	
	\$	443,036	\$	455,511	

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

10 Government loans

Government loans as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 include:

	September 30 <u>2024</u>			December 31 <u>2023</u>		
Federal Economic Development Agency (FEDA)	\$	437,641	\$	419,257		
Health Technology Exchange (HTX) (note 18)		-		1		
Canadian Emergency Buisiness Account (CEBA)		-		30,000		
		437,641		449,258		
Less current portion (note 9)		437,641		449,258		
Long-term portion	\$	-	\$	-		

Federal Economic Development Agency of Southern Ontario (FEDA) Ioan

The FEDA loan is unsecured, non-interest bearing and it provided initial financing of \$919,518. On December 3, 2021, the payment terms for this loan were amended and, as at September 30, 2024, the principal balance outstanding of this loan is \$437,641 (December 31, 2023 – \$419,257), due on demand.

On December 1, 2022, the Company defaulted on a payment due to FEDA and on December 31, 2022 the Company exhausted the allowed time to cure the default and the loan became immediately due and payable. No payments have been made since November 1, 2022.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$18,384 (September 30, 2023 – \$nil) of accretion expense (note 16) and the Company made repayments of \$nil (September 30, 2023 - \$nil).

Health Technology Exchange (HTX) loan

The HTX loan was unsecured, required interest at 3.1% per annum, was repayable based on 10% of certain preceding year gross revenue and provided initial financing of \$749,600. As at September 30, 2024, the principal balance outstanding on this loan is \$nil, pursuant to a settlement agreement with HTX, (December 31, 2023 – \$378,059). During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company made a cash repayment of \$nil (September 30, 2023 – \$nil) and the Company recognized \$nil (September 30, 2023 – \$7,543) of accretion expense (note 16) on this loan.

On July 6, 2023 the Company closed a settlement agreement with the Health Technology Exchange whereby the Company's repayment obligation of \$756,121 was fixed as of May 29, 2023 and partially repaid by the issuance of 540,088 in common shares (note 13) at a market price of \$0.70 per share, for a total of \$378,062. The \$378,059 remainder of the obligation was forgiven, subject to the condition that the Company's MyndMove product revenues did not exceed \$1,000,000 in the twelve-month period ended May 29, 2024.

Pursuant to the Company's July 6, 2023 settlement agreement with HTX, the Company has determined the September 30, 2024 fair value of the HTX loan to be \$nil (December 31, 2023 - \$1 for the contingent forgiveness of \$378,058). In the ninemonth period ended September 30, 2024, the Company recorded a fair value adjustment gain of one dollar (September 30, 2023 - loss of \$105,436).

Federal Canadian Emergency Business Account (CEBA) Ioan

The Federal CEBA loan is part of the Canadian federal government's support program in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, wherein the Company was able to obtain a \$30,000 non-interest-bearing loan, net of a \$10,000 forgivable amount. This loan was paid on January 22, 2024 to assure the \$10,000 forgiveness.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$nil (September 30, 2023 – \$2,475) accretion expense on this loan (note 16) and repaid \$30,000 (September 30, 2023 – \$nil) of the principal.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

10 Government loans (continued)

A reconciliation of the government loans is as follows:

	September 30			December 31		
	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>		
Balance - beginning of period	\$	449,258	\$	702,976		
Loan payments		(30,000)		-		
Conversion to equity		-		(378,062)		
Accretion expense (note 16)		18,384		18,908		
Fair value adjustment of government loans		(1)		105,436		
Balance - end of period		437,641		449,258		
Less current portion (note 9)		437,641		449,258		
Long-term portion	\$	-	\$	-		

11 Other long-term debt

On January 22, 2024, the Company's Canadian Emergency Business Account Ioan (note 10) was repaid from the proceeds of a Ioan from the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC). The new \$30,000 RBC Ioan is repayable in equal amounts over 60 months, commencing on February 22, 2024, with interest at RBC prime plus 2.84%.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company recognized \$1,884 of interest expense (note 16) and repaid \$3,221 of the principal on this loan. At September 30, 2024 the outstanding principal was \$26,779.

12 Related party balances and transactions

During the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, the Company recognized treatment revenues and device sales revenues from LBB Applied Technology Inc., a significant shareholder of the Company and the Company's distributor in the USA. that was previously able to nominate one director, who continues to remain on the Board, to the Company's Board of Directors. These transactions were made in the normal course of business.

The Company has a shareholder and director, who is employed by the KITE Research Institute at the University Health Network in Toronto, Canada (KITE), an Institution over which he has significant influence and to which the Company is committed to a long-term license agreement (note 18), requiring the semi-annual payment of royalty fees. In addition, the Company has entered into contracts with this Institution to sell MyndMove devices, which have been modified for research purposes; and to purchase research and development (R&D) services.

In 2017, the Board approved the remuneration of a director and shareholder, for services as interim CEO provided to the Company in addition to his role as director. In the nine-months ended September 30, 2023, the entire \$75,000 amount was forgiven by the director and shareholder and recorded as a reduction of general and administration salaries and benefits.

12 Related party balances and transactions (continued)

A summary of the Company's related party transactions and balances are as follows:

	September 30			December 31		
		2024		<u>2023</u>		<u>2023</u>
Revenue during the nine-month period ended						
Sale of devices and parts		33,737		5,177		
	\$	33,737	\$	5,177		
Expenses during the nine-month period ended						
Share-based compensation for directors						
and senior officers	\$	25,818	\$	42,384		
Salaries, fees and benefits for directors						
and senior officers - current		257,457		301,907		
Salaries forgiven, as noted above		-		(75,000)		
License fees		3,381		3,930		
	\$	286,655	\$	273,221		
Assets - as at the date specified						
Accounts receivable	\$	1,854	\$	3,616	\$	5,360
Liabilities - as at the date specified						
License fees and expenses payable	\$	96,047	\$	96,047	\$	96,759
Deferred revenue	\$	55,250	\$	55,250	\$	51,000

13 Share capital, warrants and stock options

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares. The following is a summary of the Company's issued securities:

	Common		Stock	Fully Diluted
	Shares	Warrants	Options	<u>Total</u>
Balance, December 31, 2022	21,838,500	5,998,239	1,115,000	28,951,739
Rights forfeited or expired	-	(1,259,535)	(150,000)	(1,409,535)
Options issued	-	-	525,000	525,000
Debt conversion (note 10)	540,088	-	-	540,088
Private placement	1,259,038	1,259,038	-	2,518,076
Balance, September 30, 2023	23,637,626	5,997,742	1,490,000	31,125,368
Rights forfeited or expired	-	-	(5,000)	(5,000)
Private placements	361,705	361,705	-	723,410
Balance, December 31, 2023	23,999,331	6,359,447	1,485,000	31,843,778
Rights forfeited or expired	-	-	(525,000)	(525,000)
Options issued	-	-	37,500	37,500
Private placements	907,014	907,014	-	1,814,028
Balance, September 30, 2024	24,906,345	7,266,461	997,500	33,170,306

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

13 Share capital, warrants and stock options (continued)

2024 Private Placements

On February 13, 2024, March 19, 2024, May 27, 2024, June 24, 2024 and August 12, 2024 - the Company completed total Private Placements of 907,014 Units, with its largest shareholder, at \$0.75 per Unit, for a total of \$680,260. Each Unit was comprised of one common share and one warrant. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.90 per warrant and expire three years from the date of issuance.

The subscriber ultimately received 907,014 common shares of the Company and 907,014 warrants to acquire common shares of the Company at \$0.90. The warrants expire three years after the respective issue dates. Of the \$637,290 in net proceeds, \$202,227 was allocated to the value of the warrants, based on a Black Scholes valuation of the warrants with an exercise price of \$0.90; a weighted average estimated \$0.50 value of common shares; a weighted-average volatility rate of 91.0%; an expected 3-year life for the warrants; and a weighted-average risk-free interest rate of 3.78%.

2023 Private Placements

On January 11, 2023 and May 23, 2023, the Company completed Private Placements of 1,259,038 Units, in total, with its two largest shareholders, at \$0.75 per Unit, for a total of \$944,280. On November 3, 2023 and December 20, 2023, the Company completed Private Placements of 361,705 Units, in total, with its largest shareholder, at \$0.75 per Unit, for a total of \$271,279. Each Unit was comprised of one Common share and one warrant. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.90 per warrant and expire three years from the date of issuance.

The subscribers ultimately received 1,620,743 common shares of the Company and 1,620,743 warrants to acquire common shares of the Company at \$0.90. The warrants expire January 11, May 23, November 3 and December 20 of 2026. Of the \$1,152,625 in net proceeds, \$413,247 was allocated to the value of the warrants, based on a Black Scholes valuation of the warrants with an exercise price of \$0.90; a weighted average estimated \$0.77 value of common shares; a weighted-average volatility rate of 91.88%; an expected 3-year life for the warrants; and a weighted-average risk-free interest rate of 3.77%.

Debt Conversion to Equity and Forgiveness of Government Debt

On July 6, 2023, the Company closed a settlement agreement with the HTX (note 10), whereby the Company's repayment obligation of \$756,121 was fixed as of May 29, 2023 and then, partially repaid by the issuance of 540,088 in common shares, at \$0.70 per share, for a total of \$378,062.

The \$378,059 remainder of the obligation was forgiven (note 10).

Warrants and Options

On September 30, 2024, the Company has 7,266,461 of fully vested warrants outstanding, exercisable into one common share per warrant, as follows:

- 4,738,704 at an exercise price of \$1.00, that expire on February 16, 2027
- 1,259,038 at an exercise price of \$0.90, that expire in the nine-month period ending September 30, 2026
- 361,705 at an exercise price of \$0.90, that expire in the three-month period ending December 31, 2026
- 907,014 at an exercise price of \$0.90, that expire in the nine-month period ending September 30, 2027

On September 30, 2024, the Company had 997,500 options outstanding, with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.96 and weighted average remaining life of 6.14 years. 907,917 of the options are fully vested.

The Company estimated the fair value of the stock options granted in 2024 and 2023 using the Black-Scholes option pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2024	20	023
	April 25	<u>June 15</u>	<u>May 17</u>
Options	37,500	25,000	500,000
Exercise Price	\$0.75	\$0.70	\$0.75
Estimated share price value	\$0.50	\$0.70	\$0.70
Volatility	113.26%	112.87%	113.26%
Expected life in years	5	10	10
Risk-free interest rate	3.89%	3.33%	3.09%
Dividend yield	nil	nil	nil
Estimated value per option	\$0.385	\$0.656	\$0.655
Total valuation	\$14,442	\$16,402	\$327,286

Due to the absence of Company specific volatility rates, the Company chose comparable companies in a similar industry.

In the nine-month period ending September 30, 2024 the Company recorded \$35,442 (September 30, 2023 – \$124,306) of share-based compensation expense, related to stock options, in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss, using the graded vesting method,

14 Breakdown of expenses by nature, for the nine-month period ending:

		Nine Month Period			
	<u>2024</u>			<u>2023</u>	
General and administration					
Salaries and benefits (note 12 and 15)	\$	281,361	\$	202,901	
Accounting, legal and professional fees		130,189		156,062	
Technology expense		46,776		55,297	
Additional rent		30,129		24,324	
Insurance		56,828		88,373	
Other expenses		22,065		5,083	
Total general and administrstion	\$	567,348	\$	532,040	
Research and development	^	4.40,000	•	475 405	
Salaries and benefits (note 15)	\$	140,263	\$	175,425	
Patent expenses		17,647		35,069	
Other development expenses		2,647		79,453	
Total research and development	\$	160,557	\$	289,947	

15 Salaries and benefits, for the nine-month periods ending:

	<u>Nine Month Period</u>			
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>
General and administration (note 14)	\$ 281,361			202,901
Research, development and quality control (note 14)		140,263		175,425
Selling and marketing		-		59,900
Total salaries and benefits	\$	421,624	\$	438,226

16 Interest and accretion expenses, for the nine-month periods ending:

	Nine Month Period				
		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>	
Government loans (note 10)					
FEDA	\$	18,384	\$	-	
HTX		-		7,543	
CEBA				2,475	
Total government loans		18,384		10,018	
Lease obligation (note 5)		126		2,184	
Total accretion expense		18,510		12,202	
Other long-term debt (note 11)		1,884		-	
Short term interest		(342)		14,059	
Total interest and accretion expense	\$	20,052	\$	26,261	
Government loans					
HTX (note 10)		(1)		105,436	
Total change in fair value	\$	(1)	\$	105,436	

17 Government grants and tax credits

Scientific research and experimental development (SR&ED) tax credits

In the past, the Company has made claims for SR&ED deductions and related expenses for income tax purposes, based on the applicable legislation in the Income Tax Act (Canada). Since February 16, 2022, when the Company became publicly listed, only the Ontario portion of SR&ED credits is recoverable in cash refunds.

During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2024, the Company received and recorded \$19,293 of Ontario SR&ED claims, related to the annual December 31, 2023 tax period (nine-month period ended September 30, 2023 - \$174,148 of Federal and Ontario SR&ED claims, related to the stub February 15, 2022 and annual December 31, 2021 tax periods). The Company did not have any recoverable SR&ED expenditures for the February 15, 2022 to December 31, 2022 tax period.

18 Commitments and contingencies

The Company is in default of its unsecured obligations to its former legal firm (note 7) and the FEDA (note 10), for which it does not have the funds to repay. As of September 30, 2024, the Company's only foreseeable option to settle these \$1,153,293 of obligations is to issue Company securities. Otherwise, the creditors might be inclined to commence legal proceedings. These obligations are an impediment to the Company's ability to complete future financings, which creates a material uncertainty and a going concern risk (note 1) for the Company.

On August 29, 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with a health services institution whereby it granted the Company an exclusive worldwide license to commercialize certain intellectual property related to a functional electrical stimulation device and system; for which the Institution received 400,000 of the Company's common shares, with a fair value of \$400,000. In addition, the Company is committed to paying a cumulative royalty on the net sales of stimulators used to treat motor dysfunction, as follows:

- 0% on the first \$1,000,000 cumulative net sales;
- 4% on the cumulative net sales exceeding \$1,000,000 but not greater than \$7,500,000; and,
- 1% on the cumulative net sales exceeding \$7,500,000.

The amount of these fees for the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023 are disclosed in note 12.

The Company's current lease agreement expires on July 31, 2025 - for a total fixed cost of \$25,712, plus variable common area costs, for the remaining ten-month period. The lease renewal was not capitalized, because of the short-term duration of its term.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

19 Capital Management

The Company's capital management objectives are to maintain financial flexibility in order to pursue its product development and commercialization strategy, and ultimately provide long-term returns to its shareholders. This strategy relies significantly on the Company's ability to demonstrate growing efficacy creation in its medical devices, in order to convince potential investors to invest more capital in the Company's development efforts.

The Company defines capital as the aggregate of its shareholder equity and borrowings.

The Company manages its capital structure in accordance with changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust its capital structure, the Company may elect to issue or repay financial liabilities, issue shares, repurchase shares, pay dividends or undertake any other activities as deemed appropriate under the specific circumstances. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements. Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis. There were no material changes to this approach during the nine-month period ending September 30, 2024 and year ended December 31, 2023.

20 Financial instruments and risk management

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from deposits with banks and outstanding receivables. The Company trades only with recognized, creditworthy third parties. The Company performs credit checks for all customers who wish to trade on credit terms.

The Company does not hold any collateral as security but mitigates this risk by dealing only with what management believes to be financially sound counterparties and, accordingly, does not anticipate significant loss for non-performance.

Credit loss impairment is determined based upon review of specific accounts as the Company does not have significant historical uncollectable receivables. As at September 30, 2024, the Company had \$1,007 in overdue trade and other receivables (September 30, 2023 – \$2,595).

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is dependent on the Company's ability to raise additional financing to meet its commitments and sustain operations. The Company mitigates liquidity risk by management of working capital, cash flows, the issuance of share capital and if desired, the issuance of debt. The Company's trade and other payables are all due within twelve months from the date of these consolidated financial statements.

If unanticipated events occur that impact the Company's ability to meet its forecast and continue to fund customer acquisition cost, research and development, and administrative requirements, the Company may need to take additional measures to increase its liquidity and capital resources, including obtaining additional debt or equity financing or strategically altering the business forecast and plan. In this case, there is no guarantee that the Company will obtain satisfactory financing terms or adequate financing. Failure to obtain adequate financing on satisfactory terms could have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

The Company is obligated to the following contractual maturities of undiscounted cash flows as at September 30, 2024:

	Payments Due							
		ess than		2 - 3		After		
		<u>1 year</u>		<u>years</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>years</u>		<u>Total</u>
Trade and other payables	\$	1,015,660	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,015,660
Government loans		437,641		-		-		437,641
Other long-term debt		5,395		12,411		8,973		26,779
	\$	1,458,696	\$	12,411	\$	8,973	\$	1,480,080

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements For the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023

20 Financial instruments and risk management (continued)

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk:

- Foreign currency risk arises on financial instruments that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency in which they are measured. The Company's primary exposure with respect to foreign currencies is from United States dollar denominated cash, trade and other receivables, and trade and other payables. As at September 30, 2024, a 1% change in the foreign exchange rates would result in a \$1,601 impact to the financial statements (September 30, 2023 \$896).
- Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 because all of its indebtedness is at fixed rates.
- Other price risk is the risk the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Company is not exposed to other price risk as at September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023.

Fair values

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables excluding HST, trade and other payables excluding HST, and lease obligations are considered representative of their respective fair values due to the short-term period to maturity. The government loans approximate their fair value as the interest and discount rates are consistent with the current rates offered by the Company for its loans with similar terms. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to manage this risk.

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the consolidated statements of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The Company categorizes its fair value measurements according to a three-level hierarchy. The hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used by the Company's valuation techniques. A level is assigned to each fair value measurement based on the lowest-level input significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices as at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets and liabilities in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.
- Level 3 Significant unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity. The fair value hierarchy also requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value.

The fair value hierarchy requires the use of observable market inputs whenever such inputs exist. A financial instrument is classified to the lowest level of the hierarchy for which a significant input has been considered in measuring fair value. During the year, there were no transfers of amounts between levels. The fair value of derivative and warrant liabilities and HTC government loan are determined using level 3 inputs.

	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value
HTC government loan	Discounted cash flows (note 11)	- Discount rate - Expected timing of repayments based on revenue forecast	An increase revenue growth or decrease in discount rate would increase the fair value of the HTC government loan.

Financial instruments measured at fair value using level 3 inputs:

21 Segmented information

The Company reports segment information based on internal reports used by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM") to make operating and resource decisions and to assess performance. The CODM is the Chief Executive Officer.

The Company has revenues from sales in Canada and from Canada to the United States and Malaysia. The Company has one operating segment which includes income related to its MyndMove, MyndSearch (a variation of MyndMove, which has been modified for research purposes) and MyndStep devices. The two types of revenue include: (1) treatment fees, from treatment clinics that use the Company's MyndMove devices and (2) product sales, which are revenues from the sale of MyndMove, MyndSearch or MyndStep devices to clinics or research institutions and the sale of treatment supplies.

All treatment revenue devices are located in Canada. Revenues by geographical location and by services and products, delivered in the nine-month periods ended September 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

	Nine Month Period			
	<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>	
Revenue by geographic location of customers				
Canada	\$	51,626	\$	81,006
Non-Canadian		46,652		34,900
	\$	98,278	\$	115,906
Revenue by services and products delivered				
Treatment fees	\$	38,450	\$	54,550
Product sales		59,630		61,158
Other		198		198
	\$	98,278	\$	115,906

22 Subsequent events

Private Placement

On October 23, 2024, the Company closed a subscription offer for a non-brokered private placement, from an existing shareholder, of 183,550 Units, at \$0.75 per Unit, for a total subscription price of \$137,662. Each Unit is comprised of one common share and one warrant. The warrants have an exercise price of \$0.90 per warrant and will expire three years after the closing date.